



Novel Plant
Communities of
Pennsylvania

what is a novel plant community?

novel plant communities are man made communities of plants that group plants that share a common environment and mimics a historic plant community.

These communities can be used to create comprehensive conservation plans such as wide-scale land management or small scale designs in a back or front yard!

incorporating novel plant communities into your own garden:

start small. You don't have to convert your whole yard to native plants. Instead try introducing native plants little bits at a time. It's more economical and this approach will let you get to know each plant well. of course, this does mean that your native plant will have to compete with non native plants, which may be hard if you have invasives in your yard.

Sunny/Dry locations:

scientific name

common name

trees

- *Pinus strobus*
- *Nyssa sylvatica*
- *Sassafras albidum*
- *Cercis canadensis*
- *Amelanchier arborea*

- eastern white pine
- black gum
- sassafras
- redbud
- common serviceberry

shrubs

- *Kalmia latifolia*
- *Photinia pyrifolia*
- *Rhododendron periclymenoides*
- *Vaccinium angustifolium*
- *Vaccinium corymbosum*
- *Viburnum prunifolium*

- mountain laurel
- red chokeberry
- pinxterbloom azalea
- lowbush blueberry

- highbush blueberry
- blackshaw

perennials

- *Aquilegia canadensis*
- *Asclepias syriaca*
- *Monarda fistulosa*
- *Oenothera perennis*
- *Penstemon digitalis*
- *Rudbeckia hirta*
- *Smilacina racemosa*
- *Solidago rugosa*

- wild columbine
- common milkweed
- bee balm (wild bergamot)
- sundrops
- beard-tongue
- black-eyed susan
- false soloman's seal
- wrinkled-leaf goldenrod

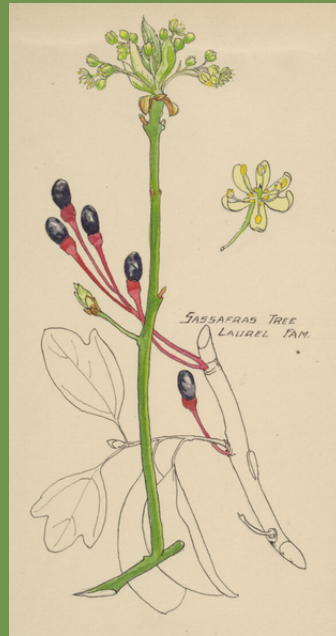
TREES:



Pinus strobus



Nyssa sylvatica



Sassafras albidum



Cercis canadensis



Amelanchier arborea

SHRUBS:



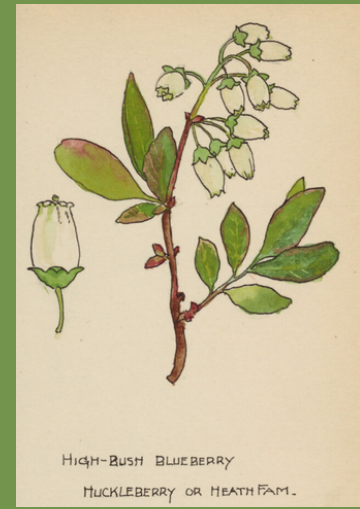
Kalmia latifolia



Photinia pyrifolia



Vaccinium angustifolium



Viburnum prunifolium



blackshaw

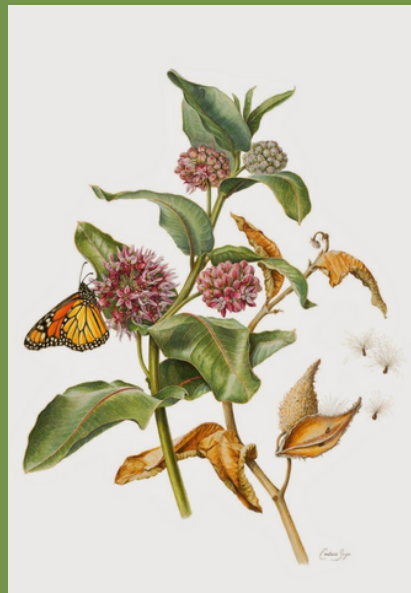


Rhododendron periclymenoides

PERENNIALS:



aquilegia canadensis



asclepias syriaca



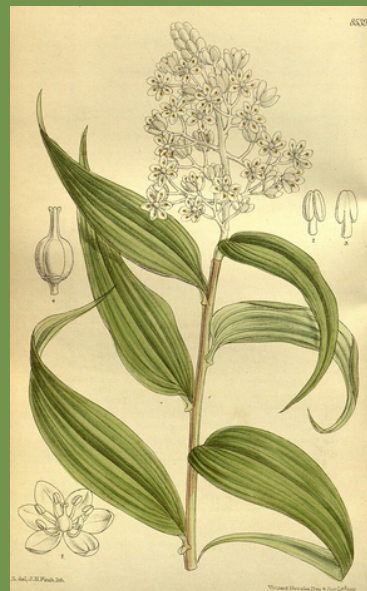
monarda fistulosa



oenothera perennis



rudbeckia hirta



smilacina racemosa



solidago rugosa



penstemon digitalis

Example Garden:



© The Natural Garden

Sunny/Moist locations:

scientific name

common name

trees

- Amelachier arborea
- Quercus alba

- serviceberry
- white oak

shrubs

- Photinia (aronia) melanocarpa
- Clethra alnifolia
- Cornus stolonifera
- Ilex verticillata
- Sambucus canadensis
- Physocarpus opulifolius

- black chokeberry
- summersweet
- red-osier dogwood
- winterberry holly
- elderberry
- ninebark

ferns

- Osmunda cinnamomea

- cinnamon fern

perennials

- Asclapias incarnata
- Symphyotrichum novae-angliae
- Chelone glabra
- Eupatorium fistulosum
- Geranium maculatum
- Heliopsis helianthoides
- Lobelia cardinalis
- Lobelia siphilitica
- Mimulus ringens
- Monarda didyma
- Monarda fistulosa
- Oenothera perennis
- Penstemon digitalis
- Phlox maculata
- Phlox paniculata
- Vernonia noveboracensis

- swamp milkweed
- new england aster
- turtlehead
- joe-pye-weed
- wild geranium
- oxeye sunflower (summer sun)
- cardinal flower
- great blue lobelia
- monkey flower
- bee-balm
- beebalm (wild bergamont)
- sundrops
- beard tongue
- wild sweet william
- garden phlox
- new york ironweed

TREES:

FERNS:



amelachier arborea



quercus alba



Osmunda cinnamomea

SHRUBS:



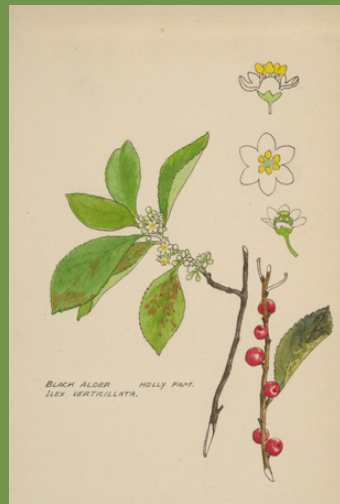
Aronia melanocarpa



clethra alnifolia



cornus stolonifera



Ilex verticillata



Sambucus canadensis



Physocarpus opulifolius

PERENNIALS:



Asclepias incarnata



Symphyotrichum novae-angliae



Chelone glabra



Eupatorium fistulosum



Geranium maculatum



Heliopsis helianthoides



Lobelia cardinalis



Lobelia siphilitica



Mimulus ringens



Monarda didyma



monarda fistulosa



oenothera perennis



penstemon digitalis



Phlox maculata



Phlox paniculata



Vernonia noveboracensis

Example Garden:



Shady/Moist locations:

scientific name

common name

trees

- *Acer rubrum*
- *Cornus alternifolia*

- red maple
- alternate leaved dogwood

shrubs

- *Hydrangea arborescens*
- *Kalmia latifolia*
- *Lindera benzoin*
- *Rhododendron maximum*
- *Viburnum acerifolium*

- wild hydrangea
- mountain laurel
- spicebush
- rosebay
- maple-leaved viburnum

ferns

- *Adiantum pedatum*
- *Dryopteris marginalis*
- *Osmunda claytoniana*
- *Polystichum acrostichoides*
- *Matteuccia struthiopteris*
- *Osmunda regalis*
- *Athyrium filix-femina*

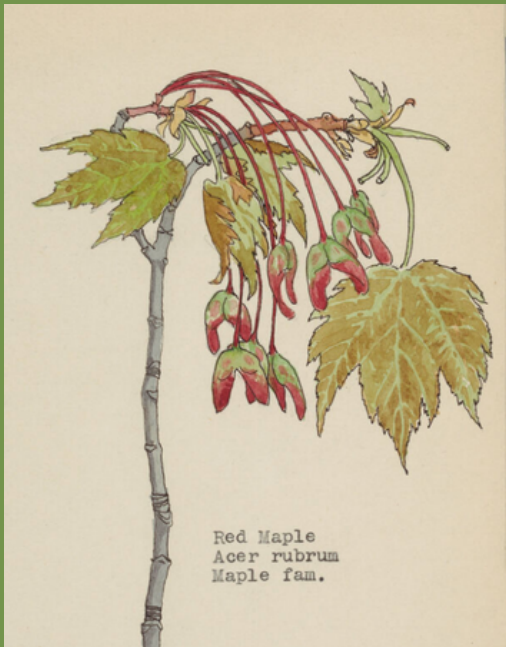
- maidenhair fern
- evergreen shield fern
- interrupted fern
- christmas fern
- ostrich fern
- royal fern
- lady fern

perennials

- *Arisaema triphyllum*
- *Asarum canadense*
- *Actaea racemosa*
- *Dicentra cucullaria*
- *Mertensia virginica*
- *Phlox divaricata*
- *Polemonium reptans*
- *Tiarella cordifolia*

- jack-in-the-pulpit
- wild ginger
- black cohosh
- dutchman's breeches
- virginia bluebells
- wild blue phlox
- Jacob's ladder
- foamflower

TREES:



Acer rubrum



Cornus alternifolia

SHRUBS:



Hydrangea arborescens



Kalmia latifolia



Lindera benzoin



Rhododendron maximum



Viburnum acerifolium

FERNS:



Adiantum pedatum



Dryopteris marginalis



Osmunda claytoniana



Polystichum acrostichoides



Matteuccia struthiopteris



Osmunda regalis



Athyrium filix-femina

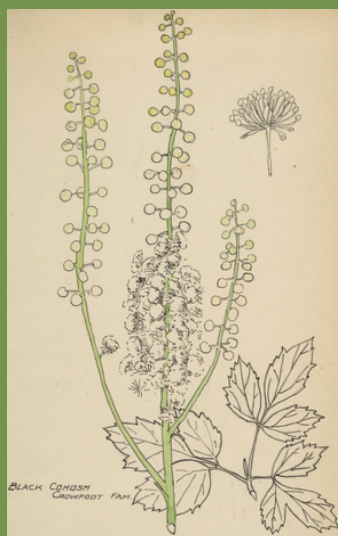
PERENNIALS:



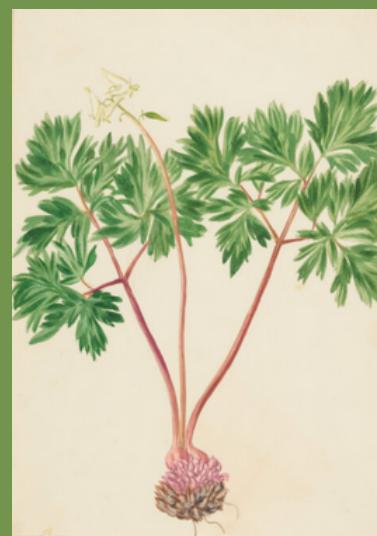
Arisaema triphyllum



Asarum canadense



Actaea racemosa



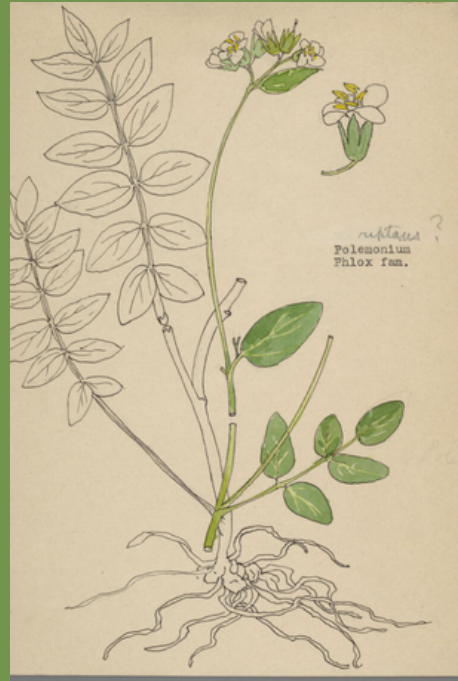
Dicentra cucullaria



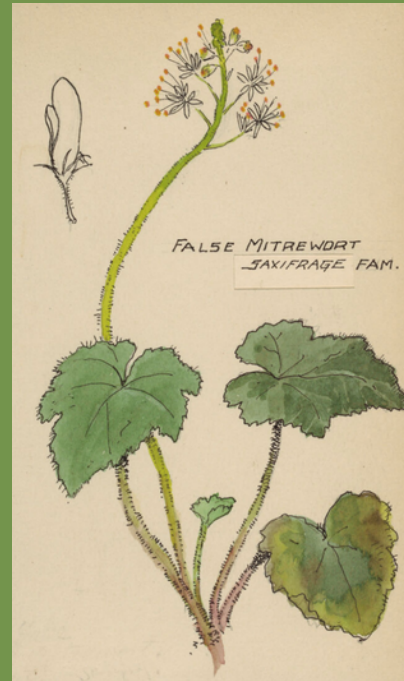
Mertensia virginica



Phlox divaricata



Polemonium reptans



Tiarella cordifolia

Example Garden:



Shady/Dry locations:

scientific name

common name

trees

- *Acer saccharum*
- *Ostrya virginiana*
- *Hamamelis virginiana*

- sugar maple
- hop hornbeam
- witch hazel

shrubs

- *Kalmia latifolia*
- *Rhododendron maximum*
- *Rhododendron periclymenoides*
- *Viburnum recognitum*

- mountain laurel
- rosebay
- pinxter flower
- arrow-wood

perennials

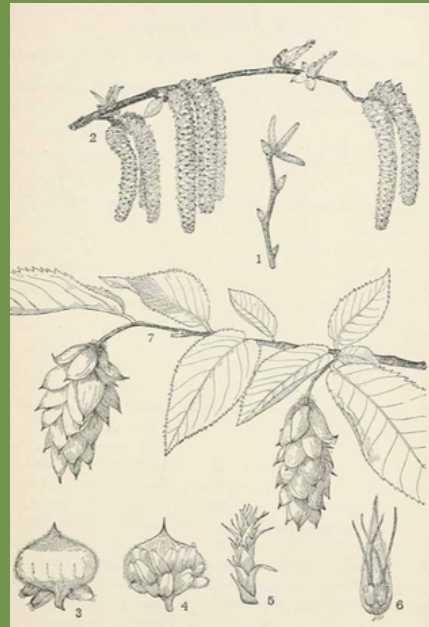
- *Aquilegia canadensis*
- *Asarum canadense*
- *Eurybia (aster) divaricatus*
- *Actaea racemosa*
- *Ageratina altissima*
- *Geranium maculatum*
- *Heuchera americana*
- *Mitchella repens*
- *Podophyllum peltatum*
- *Sanguinaria canadensis*
- *Smilacina racemosa*
- *Solidago bicolor*

- wild columbine
- wild ginger
- white wood aster
- black cohosh
- white snakeroot
- wild geranium
- alumroot
- partridge berry
- mayapple
- bloodroot
- false soloman's seal
- white goldenrod

TREES:



Acer saccharinum



Ostrya virginiana



witch hazel

SHRUBS:



Rhododendron maximum



Rhododendron perictymenoides



Viburnum recognitum

PERENNIALS:



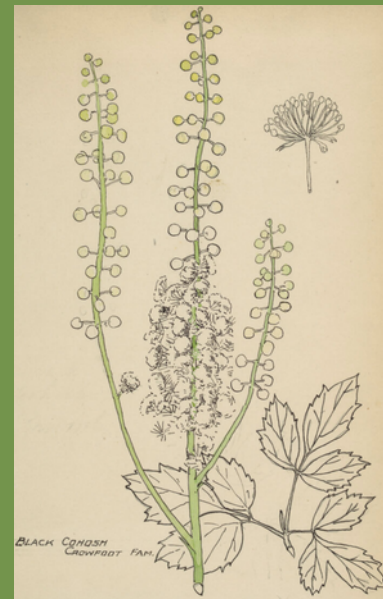
Aquilegia canadensis



Asarum canadense



Eurybia (Caster) divaricatus



Actaea racemosa



Ageratina altissima



Geranium maculatum



Heuchera americana



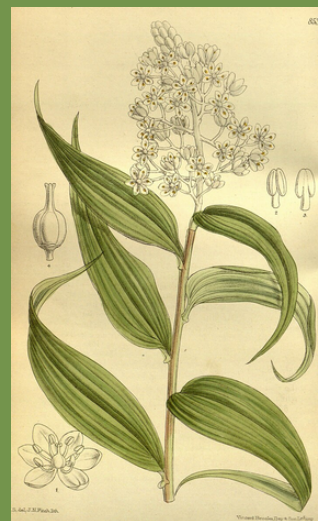
Mitchella repens



Podophyllum peltatum



Sanguinaria canadensis

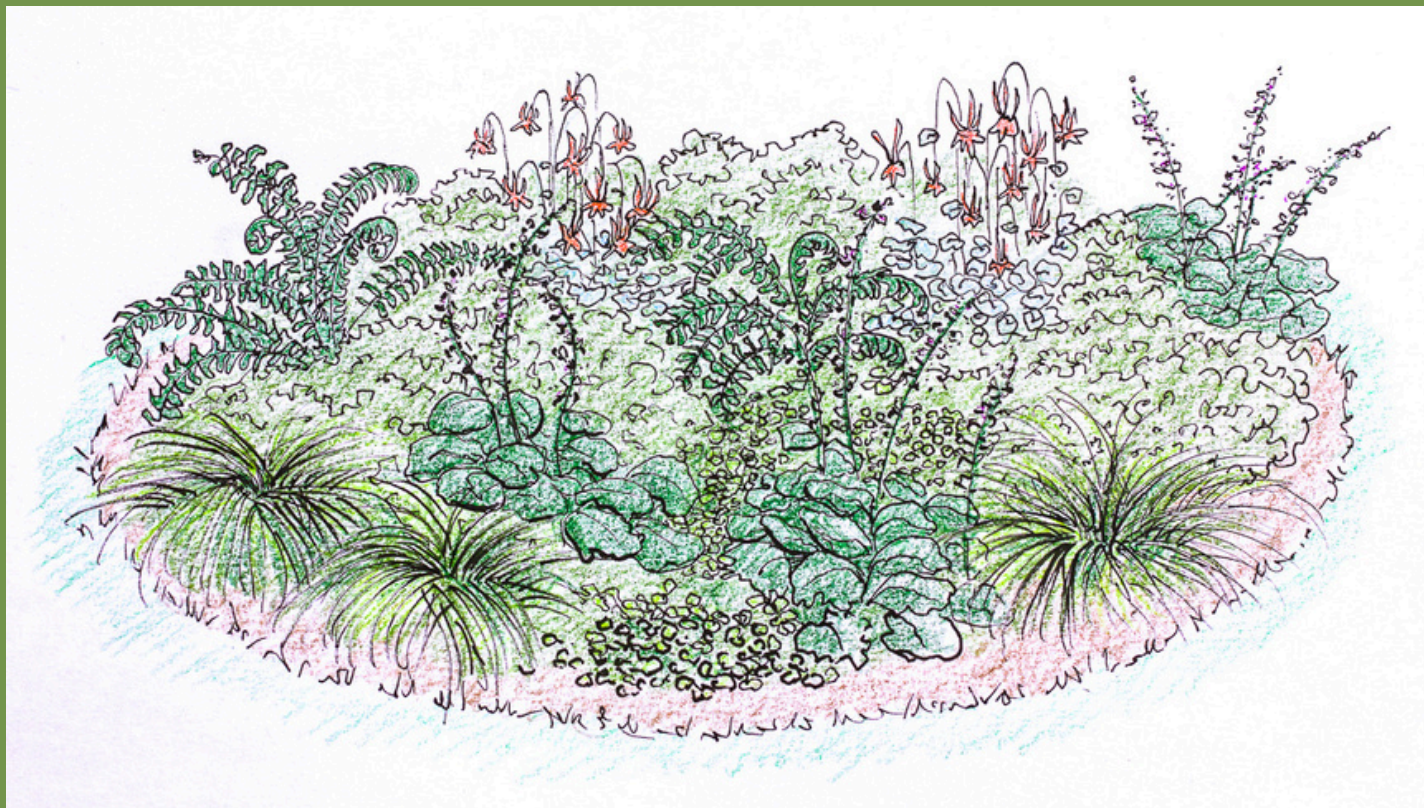


Smilacina racemosa



Solidago bicolor

Example Garden:



Native Pond Plants:

scientific name

- *Nuphar advena*
- *Nuphar variegata*
- *Persicaria amphibia*
- *Sagittaria latifolia*

common name

- Spatterdock
- Spatterdock
- water smartweed
- wapato



Nuphar advena



Nuphar variegata



Persicaria amphibia



Sagittaria latifolia

Replacing Common invasives with similar natives:



invasive plant: native plant alternative: wildlife value: sun soil requirements:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • butterfly bush 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • buttonbush 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bees, butterflies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • full sun to shade; most soil textures, and wet, moist to flooded soils
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • japanese spiraea 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • steeplebush 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • butterflies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • full sun; soil type: clay, loamy organic, and moist to wet soils
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • japanese maple 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • white fringe tree 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • birds 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • full sun to shade, loamy, sandy, and dry to moist soils
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bradford/callery pear 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cockspur hawthorn 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bees, birds, butterflies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • full to part sun; clay loamy, or sandy soils, and dry to moist soils



SOURCES:

1. "Botanical Illustrations." CURIOSity Digital Collections, curiosity.lib.harvard.edu/botanical-illustrations.
2. "Magnified Portraits of Southwestern Pa Native Plants: Phipps Conservatory and Botanical Gardens: Pittsburgh Pa." Phipps Conservatory, www.phipps.conservatory.org/exhibits-and-events/calendar/magnified-portraits-of-southwestern-pa-native-plants.
3. "Plant Communities." Pennsylvania Department of Conservation & Natural Resources, www.dcnr.pa.gov/Conservation/WildPlants/PlantCommunities/Pages/default.aspx.
4. Palustrine Communities 2 - Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program, www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us/docs/community/Communities_Palustrine_s2.pdf.
5. Terrestrial & Palustrine Plant Communities of Pennsylvania , www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us/docs/community/Communities_Terrestrial_s3.pdf.
6. "Pa Native Plant Society." PA Native Plant Society, www.panativeplantsociety.org/ .
7. "Pennsylvania Native Plants: Ultimate Landscaping Guide." Stauffers, 28 June 2024, www.skh.com/thedirt/pennsylvania-native-plants/.
8. "The Natural Garden, Inc.." The Natural Garden, Inc., www.thenaturalgarden.net/. Accessed 16 Aug. 2024. used to find natural garden examples. would recommend going to their website for more in-depth garden planning



HAPPY PLANTING!

